

MLA Documentation

In-Text Citation

composition.

What is the brain? According to Richard Restak,

the human brain is the master control center of the

body. The brain constantly receives information from

the senses about conditions both inside the body and

outside it. The brain rapidly analyzes this information

and then sends out messages that control body

functions and actions. ("Brain" 561)

According to Tether, the brain is divided into three main parts: the cerebrum, the cerebellum, and the brain stem (421). These parts, in turn, are largely made up of nerve cells, called neurons, and helper cells, called glia. Researchers have discovered that there may be as many as 100 billion neurons in the brain and a far greater number of glia, possibly as many as one trillion (Kolb and Whishaw 1).

Set up quotes—end with a comma or colon

Indent for long quote

Parenthetical citation (in this case there was no author, so the title is abbreviated and used instead)

If you cited the author in the set up, all you need is the page # in the parenthetical citation.

Parenthetical citation—author last name and page number

Works Cited Format—note, it is in alphabetic order

Note double-spacing between all lines.

Works Cited

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